

Test report No. sd0818

EVALUATION OF BACTERICIDAL AND YEASTICIDAL ACTIVITY ON NON-POROUS SURFACES WITH MECHANICAL ACTION EMPLOYING WIPES IN THE MEDICAL AREA (EN 16615)

Name of the product: Bactacid AF Wipes  
Batch number: 197101017  
Order number: 12029  
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, ESTONIA  
Maris Millner, +372-51-77-090  
Date of delivery: 15.12.2017  
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark  
Active substance – conc.: Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
Appearance of the product: White wipes  
Test concentration: Ready to use  
Contact time: 1 min  
Interfering substance: 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = clean conditions  
Rinsing liquid: -  
Neutralizer: Polysorbate 80 30g/l; saponin 30 g/l, lecithin 3 g/l  
Test organisms: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231  
*Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442  
*Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541  
*Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538  
Testing method: EVS-EN 16615:2015  
Quantitative test method for the evaluation of bactericidal and yeasticidal activity on non-porous surfaces with mechanical action employing wipes in the medical area (4- field test) - Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 2)  
Testing date: 13.02.2018 – 15.02.2018  
Results: look appendix 1-5

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Head of I



are, MSc

biologist

Date of test report: 19.02.2018

Appendix 1

TEST RESULTS ( suspension test)

EVS-EN 16615:2015; Phase 2, step 2;  
Neutralization method;  
Rinsing liquid: -;  
Test organism: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231;  
Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +30° C  
Interfering substance: 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = Clean conditions;  
Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 13.02.2018 – 15.02.2018  
Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Validation suspension ( $N_{vo}$ )			Neutralizer control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	41+34=75	$\bar{x} = 71$	$V_{C1}$	19+27=46	$\bar{x} = 54$	$V_{C1}$	30+36=66	$\bar{x} = 59.5$
$V_{C2}$	28+39=67		$V_{C2}$	32+30=62		$V_{C2}$	29+24=53	
30 $\leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of B is $\geq 0,5 \times \bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? (or $N_v/1000$ ) yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of C is $\geq 0,5 \times \bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Test-suspension ( $N$ and $N_0$ ):	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.32 \times 10^8$ ; $\log N = 8,37$ $N_0 = N/20$ ; $\log N_0 = 7.06$ $6,88 \leq \log N_{vo} \leq 7,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-6}$	238	223	
	$10^{-7}$	25	25	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{co}$ )	$T_0$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 4.90 \times 10^6$ ; $\log T_0 = 6.69$ $5,88 \leq \log T_0 \leq 7,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-3}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-4}$	46	52	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{ct}$ )	$T_0$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} 53.5 = \times 10^6$ ; $\log T_t = 6.73$ $5,88 \leq \log T_t \leq 7,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-3}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-4}$	50	57	

Test field 1 (reduction)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$N_a (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm})$	$\log N_a$	$\log R (\log T_t - \log N_a)$	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	8	5	6.5	0.81	5.88	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	0	0				

Test field 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{T_2 \text{ to } 4} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	1	1	0	<5	1 min
Ready to use	$10^{-1}$	0	0	0	<5	1 min

$N_w$  Test fields 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{NWT_2 \text{ to } 4} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	>660	>660	>660	>16500	10 min
	$10^{-1}$	>660	>660	>660		

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$\bar{x}_{wm}$  = weighted mean of  $\bar{x}$

R = reduction ( $\log R = \log N_0 - \log N_a$ )

TEST RESULTS ( suspension test)

EVS-EN 16615:2015; Phase 2, step 2;  
Neutralization method;  
Rinsing liquid: -;  
Test organism: *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538;  
Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37° C  
Interfering substance: 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = Clean conditions;  
Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 13.02.2018 – 15.02.2018  
Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Validation suspension ( $N_{vo}$ )			Neutralizer control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{c1}$	38+44=82	$\bar{x} = 91$	$V_{c1}$	33+24=57	$\bar{x} = 66.5$	$V_{c1}$	26+30=56	$\bar{x} = 51$
$V_{c2}$	49+51=100		$V_{c2}$	37+39=76		$V_{c2}$	24+22=46	
30 ≤ $\bar{x} N_{vo}$ ≤ 160? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of B is ≥ 0,5 x $\bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? (or $N_v/1000$ ) yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of C is ≥ 0,5 x $\bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Test-suspension ( $N$ and $N_0$ ):	$N$	$V_{c1}$	$V_{c2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.29 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9,36$ $N_0 = N/20$ ; $\log N_0 = 8.06$ $7,88 \leq \log N_{vo} \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-7}$	242	211	
	$10^{-8}$	26	24	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{co}$ )	$T_0$	$V_{c1}$	$V_{c2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 4,95 \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_0 = 7.69$ $6,88 \leq \log T_0 \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	48	51	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{ct}$ )	$T_t$	$V_{c1}$	$V_{c2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} 5,7 = \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_t = 7,76$ $6,88 \leq \log T_t \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	54	60	

Test field 1 (reduction)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$N_a (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm})$	$\log N_a$	$\log R (\log T_t - \log N_a)$	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	54	65	59.5	1.77	5.92	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	5	5				

Test field 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{T_{2to4}} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	20	5	3	46,67	1 min
Ready to use	$10^{-1}$	2	0	0	<5	1 min

$N_w$  Test fields 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{NWT_{2to4}} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	>660	>660	>660	>16500	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	>660	>660	>660		

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$\bar{x}_{wm}$  = weighted mean of  $\bar{x}$

R = reduction ( $\log R = \log N_0 - \log N_a$ )

Appendix 3

TEST RESULTS ( suspension test)

EVS-EN 16615:2015; Phase 2, step 2;

Neutralization method;

Rinsing liquid: -;

Test organism: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442;

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37° C

Interfering substance: 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = Clean conditions;

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 13.02.2018 – 15.02.2018

Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Validation suspension ( $N_{vo}$ )			Neutralizer control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	28+32=60	$\bar{x} = 64.5$	$V_{C1}$	18+35=53	$\bar{x} = 53.5$	$V_{C1}$	27+17=44	$\bar{x} = 47.5$
$V_{C2}$	36+33=69		$V_{C2}$	25+29=54		$V_{C2}$	22+29=51	
30 ≤ $\bar{x} N_{vo}$ ≤ 160? yes X; no □			$\bar{x}$ of B is ≥ 0,5 × $\bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? (or $N_v/1000$ ) yesX; no □			$\bar{x}$ of C is ≥ 0,5 × $\bar{x}$ of $N_{vo}$ ? yesX; no □		

Test suspension and test

Test-suspension ( $N$ and $N_0$ ):	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2,00 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9,30$ $N_0 = N/20$ ; $\log N_0 = 8,00$ $7,88 \leq \log N_{vo} \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no □
	$10^{-7}$	193	208	
	$10^{-8}$	21	17	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{co}$ )	$T_0$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 4,6 \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_0 = 7,66$ $6,88 \leq \log T_0 \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no □
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	42	50	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{ct}$ )	$T_t$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} 7,20 = \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_t = 7,68$ $6,88 \leq \log T_t \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no □
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	47	49	

Test field 1 (reduction)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$N_a (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm})$	$\log N_a$	$\log R (\log T_t - \log N_a)$	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	10	8	9	0.95	6.71	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	1	1				

Test field 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{T_{2to4}} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	2	1	0	5	1 min
Ready to use	$10^{-1}$	0	0	0	<5	1 min

$N_w$  Test fields 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{NWT_{2to4}} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	>660	>660	>660	>16500	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	>660	>660	>660		

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$\bar{x}_{wm}$  = weighted mean of  $\bar{x}$

R = reduction ( $\log R = \log N_0 - \log N_a$ )

Appendix 4

TEST RESULTS ( suspension test)

EVS-EN 16615:2015; Phase 2, step 2;

Neutralization method;

Rinsing liquid: -;

Test organism: *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541;

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37° C

Interfering substance: 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = Clean conditions;

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 13.02.2018 – 15.02.2018

Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Validation suspension ( $N_{v0}$ )			Neutralizer control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	27+34=61	$\bar{x} = 61.5$	$V_{C1}$	18+23=41	$\bar{x} = 36.5$	$V_{C1}$	22+27=49	$\bar{x} = 46.5$
$V_{C2}$	26+36=62		$V_{C2}$	17+15=32		$V_{C2}$	19+25=44	
30 ≤ $\bar{x} N_{v0}$ ≤ 160 ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of B is ≥ 0,5 x $\bar{x}$ of $N_{v0}$ ? (or $N_v/1000$ ) yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x}$ of C is ≥ 0,5 x $\bar{x}$ of $N_{v0}$ ? yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Test-suspension ( $N$ and $N_0$ ):	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 1.75 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.24$ $N_0 = N/20$ ; $\log N_0 = 7.94$ $7,88 \leq \log N_{v0} \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-7}$	166	181	
	$10^{-8}$	21	16	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{c0}$ )	$T_0$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 3.95 \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_0 = 7,6$ $6,88 \leq \log T_0 \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	38	41	

Drying controls

Drying control ( $D_{ct}$ )	$T_t$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} 4,50 = \times 10^7$ ; $\log T_t = 7,65$ $6,88 \leq \log T_t \leq 8,40$ ; yesX; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-4}$	>330	>330	
	$10^{-5}$	42	48	

Test field 1 (reduction)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$N_a (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm})$	$\log N_a$	$\log R (\log T_t - \log N_a)$	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	68	53	60.5	1.78	5.82	10min
	$10^{-1}$	7	6				

Test field 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{T_2 \text{ to } 4} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	50	41	6	161.67	1 min
Ready to use	$10^{-1}$	5	1	0	10	1 min

$N_w$  Test fields 2 to 4 (cfu/25cm<sup>2</sup>)

Real conc. of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C T_2}$	$V_{C T_3}$	$V_{C T_4}$	$V_{NWT_2 \text{ to } 4} (= \bar{x} \text{ or } \bar{x}_{wm} \times 5)$ cfu/25cm <sup>2</sup>	Contact time (min)
Ready to use	$10^0$	>660	>660	>660	>16500	1 min
	$10^{-1}$	>660	>660	>660		

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$\bar{x}_{wm}$  = weighted mean of  $\bar{x}$

R = reduction ( $\log R = \log N_0 - \log N_a$ )

### Interpretation

The ready-to-use product for surface disinfection **Bactacid AF Wipes** (batch no. 197101017) was tested according to the test method EVS-EN 16615:2015. The test was performed at  $20 \pm 1$  °C, under clean conditions with the contact time of 1 min. The dilution – neutralization method was used for testing the products' effectiveness against the reference strains: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231; *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442; *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541 and *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538. Under clean conditions the product was effective against all the reference strains within 1 min of contact time.

### Conclusion:

The surviving count of bacterial reference strains showed at least 5 lg and yeast reference strain showed at least 4 lg reduction which means that under clean conditions the product **Bactacid AF Wipes** has a bactericidal and yeasticidal effect in case of surface disinfection within 1 min.



Diana Kaare, MSc

Head of laboratory, microbiologist

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Chemi-Pharm AS  
Pollu 132  
EST – TALLINN 10917

Bremen, 06/02/2018

## Expert opinion

Activity of Bactacid AF against adenovirus type 5 according to EN 14476:2013+A1:2015 under clean conditions

This expert opinion is based on the test report L17/0629aA.1 dating 06/02/2018.

The virus-inactivating properties of the surface disinfectant Bactacid AF of Chemi-Pharm AS against adenovirus type 5 were investigated by a quantitative suspension test according to EN 14476 under clean conditions.

According to EN 14476, a disinfectant or a disinfectant solution at a particular concentration is considered as having virus-inactivating properties if within the recommended exposure period the titre is reduced by  $\geq 4 \log_{10}$  (inactivation  $\geq 99.99\%$ ).

Bactacid AF was examined undiluted at 20 °C. 30, 45 and 60 seconds were chosen as exposure times. In summary, a virucidal activity against adenovirus type 5 was measured as follows:

**undiluted                      30 seconds    clean conditions (0.3 g/l BSA)**

Dr.



Bactacid AF - EN 14476

Expert opinion no. L17/0629aA.1 Version 01

Chemi-Pharm AS  
Pollu 132  
EST – TALLINN 10917

Bremen, 06/02/2018

## Expert opinion

Activity of Bactacid AF against adenovirus type 5 according to EN 14476:2013+A1:2015 under clean conditions

This expert opinion is based on the test report L17/0629aA.1 dating 06/02/2018.

The virus-inactivating properties of the surface disinfectant Bactacid AF of Chemi-Pharm AS against adenovirus type 5 were investigated by a quantitative suspension test according to EN 14476 under clean conditions.

According to EN 14476, a disinfectant or a disinfectant solution at a particular concentration is considered as having virus-inactivating properties if within the recommended exposure period the titre is reduced by  $\geq 4 \log_{10}$  (inactivation  $\geq 99.99\%$ ).

Bactacid AF was examined undiluted at 20 °C. 30, 45 and 60 seconds were chosen as exposure times. In summary, a virucidal activity against adenovirus type 5 was measured as follows:

**undiluted      30 seconds      clean conditions (0.3 g/l BSA)**

Dr. Joch

Test report No. sd0118

EVALUATION OF FUNGICIDAL OR YEASTICIDAL ACTIVITY IN THE MEDICAL AREA  
(EN 13624)

Name of the product: Bactacid AF  
Batch number: 197101017  
Order number: 17028  
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, ESTONIA  
Maris Millner, +372-51-77-090  
Date of delivery: 15.12.2017  
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark  
Active substance – conc.: Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
Appearance of the product: Transparent liquid  
Test concentration: Ready to use  
Contact time: 30 sec  
Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes =  
Dirty conditions  
Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l  
Neutralizer: -  
Test organisms: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231  
Testing method: EVS-EN 13624:2013  
Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of fungicidal or  
yeastocidal activity in the medical area.  
Testing date: 23.01.2018 – 25.01.2018  
Results: look appendix 1-2



ia Kaare, MSc  
Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Date of test report: 26.01.2018

## TEST RESULTS (yeasticidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13624:2013; Phase 2, step 1;  
Membrane filtration method;  
Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;  
Test organism: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231;  
Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +30° C  
Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions  
Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 23.01.2018 – 25.01.2018.  
Responsible person: Diana Kaare

### Validation and controls

#### Dirty conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	45	$\bar{x} = 43.5$	$V_{C1}$	38	$\bar{x} = 35$	$V_{C1}$	41	$\bar{x} = 37$	$V_{C1}$	39	$\bar{x} = 41.5$
$V_{C2}$	42		$V_{C2}$	32		$V_{C2}$	33		$V_{C2}$	44	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

#### Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 1.71 \times 10^8$ ; $\log N = 8.23$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 6.23$ $6.17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 6.70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-6}$	172	164	
	$10^{-7}$	19	22	

### Experimental results

Concentration of the product	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$Na$ (= $\bar{x} \cdot 10$ )	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>4.08	30 s	dirty

#### Explanations:

- $V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)
- $\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)
- $N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension
- $N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)
- $N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)
- $Na$  = surviving microbes after the test
- $R$  = reduction factor ( $R = N_0 / Na$ ;  $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$ )

**Interpretation:**

The ready to use product for surface disinfection BACTICID AF (batch no. 197101017) was tested according to the test method EVS-EN 13624:2013. The test was performed at  $20\text{ °C} \pm 1\text{ °C}$ , under dirty conditions with the contact time of 30 s. The membrane filtration method was used for testing the products effectiveness against the reference strain: *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231. Under dirty conditions the tested product was effective against the reference strain within 30 s of contact time.

**Conclusion:**

The surviving count of the reference strain showed at least 4 lg reduction meaning that under dirty conditions the ready to use product BACTICID AF has a yeasticidal effect in case of surface disinfection within 30 s.

  
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a Kaare, MSc  
Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Test report No. 24021sd

EVALUATION OF FUNGICIDAL OR YEASTICIDAL ACTIVITY IN THE MEDICAL AREA  
(EN 13624)

**Name of the product\*:** BACTICID AF  
**Batch number\*:** 197271120  
**Order number:** 20037  
**Manufacturer\*:** Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
**Client, representative\*:** Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Tännassilma tee 11, Tännassilma küla, Saku vald, 76406, ESTONIA, Maris Millner, +372 5177090  
**Date of delivery:** 10.12.2020  
**Test material conditions:** No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
**Storage conditions:** At room temperature, darkness  
**Active substance – conc.\*:** Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
**Appearance of the product:** Transparent liquid  
**Test concentration:** 80.0%, 50.0%, 25.0%  
**Contact time:** 2 min  
**Interfering substance:** 3g/l bovine albumin + 3 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes (dirty conditions)  
**Neutralizer:** -  
**Rinsing liquid:** Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l  
**Test organisms:** *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404  
**Testing method:** EVS-EN 13624:2013  
**Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of fungicidal or yeasticidal activity in the medical area.**  
**Testing date:** 17.02.2021 – 19.02.2021  
**Results:** Look appendix 1  
**Interpretation and conclusion:** Look appendix 2



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eht  
Chief specialist  
Date of issue: 26.04.2021

\* - Data provided by the customer

## TEST RESULTS (suspension test)

EVS-EN 13624:2013; Phase 2, step 1

Membrane filtration method

Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +30 ± 1° C

Interfering substance: 3g/l bovine albumin + 3 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 17.02.2021

Responsible person: Melissa Ingela Bramanis, Allar Laaneleht

## Validation and controls

### Dirty conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}$
43	40	41.5	36	30	33	39	42	40.5	45	49	47
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0.5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

## Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.64 \times 10^7$ ; $\log N = 7.42$ $N_0 = N/10$ ; $\log N_0 = 6.42$ $6.17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 6.70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-5}$	<b>247</b>	<b>275</b>	
	$10^{-6}$	<b>28</b>	<b>28</b>	

## Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$N_a$ ( $=\bar{x} \cdot 10$ )	$\lg N_a$	$\lg R$	Contact time	Conditions
80.0%	-	19	21	200	2.30	4.12	2 min	Dirty
50.0%	-	>55	>55	>550	>2.74	<3.54	2 min	Dirty
25.0%	-	>55	>55	>550	>2.74	<3.54	2 min	Dirty

### Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in test suspension

$N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$R$  = reduction factor ( $R = N_0 / N_a$ ;  $\log R = \log N_0 - \log N_a$ )

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. Duplicate)

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_a$  = surviving microbes after the test

Appendix 2

**Interpretation:**

The ready to use surface disinfection product **BACTICID AF** (batch no. 197271120) was tested according to the test method EVS-EN 13624:2013. The test was performed at  $20\text{ °C} \pm 1\text{ °C}$ , under dirty conditions during contact times of 2 min. The membrane filtration method was used for testing the product's effectiveness against the reference strains *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404. Under dirty conditions, the 80.0% solution of the tested sample of the product was effective against *Aspergillus brasiliensis* within 2 minutes.

**Conclusion:**

The surviving count of the reference strain showed at least 4 lg reduction meaning that **according to EVS-EN 13624:2013 the sample of the ready to use surface disinfection product BACTICID AF is effective against *Aspergillus brasiliensis* within 2 minutes.**

This is the end of the test report



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ht  
Specialist  
Date of issue: 26.04.2021

Test report No. sd1918

EVALUATION OF THE ANTIBACTERIAL AND – FUNGAL PROTECTION OF A  
DISINFECTANT ON NONPOROUS SURFACE (EN 13697)

Name of the product: Bactacid AF  
Batch number: 197101017  
Order number: 17029  
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, Estonia, Maris Millner,  
+372-51-77-090  
Date of delivery: 15.12.2017  
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark  
Active substance – conc.: Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
Appearance of the product: Transparent liquid  
Test concentration: Ready to use  
Test conditions: Dirty conditions  
Contact time: 30sec, 5 min obligatory for bacteria; 15 min obligatory for yeast  
Interfering substance: 3.0 g/l bovine albumin  
Test neutralizer: Polysorbate 80: 30g/l; saponin 30g/l; lecithin, 3g/l  
Test organisms:  
*Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538  
*Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442  
*Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541  
*Escherichia coli* ATCC 10536  
*Candida albicans* ATCC 10231  
Testing method base: EVS-EN 13697:2015 -Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics –  
Quantitative non-porous surface test for the evaluation of bactericidal  
and/or fungicidal activity of chemical disinfectants used in food,  
industrial, domestic and institutional areas.  
Testing date: 25.02.2018 – 28.02.2018  
Results: look appendix 1-2



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Kaare

Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Date of test report: 01.03.2018

Appendix 1

TEST RESULTS

EVS-EN 13697:2015; Phase 2, step 2;

Product: BACTICID

Contact/neutralization method; surface;

Neutralizers: Polysorbate 80: 30g/l; saponin 30/l; lecithin, 3g/l;

Test organisms: *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538; *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442;

*Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541; *Escherichia coli* ATCC 10536; *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231;

Test temperature: +20° C ±1° C; Incubation temperatures: +37° C ±1° C for bacteria and +30° ±1° C for yeast;

Solvents: water;

Interfering substances: 3.0 g/l bovine albumin = dirty conditions

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 25.02.2018 – 28.02.2018.

Table 1. Data counted and calculated; dirty conditions; 30 sec

Test organisms	Test suspension N	Test validation		Water control Nc	Test procedure concentration
		NT	NC		Ready to use
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 6538	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 204;225	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 12; 13
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 22;26	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 193;184	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 166;181	10 <sup>-4</sup> :184;175	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 1; 0
	N: 6.73	10 <sup>-5</sup> :24;26	10 <sup>-5</sup> :22;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 24;28	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.28	NT: 7.24	Nc: 7.25	Nd: 2.10
				Nts: >100	Nts: 1
					R: 5.15
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 204;215	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 4; 7
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 20;24	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 182;154	10 <sup>-4</sup> :177;159	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 191;168	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 1
	N: 6.72	10 <sup>-5</sup> :20;17	10 <sup>-5</sup> :14;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 22;18	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.23	NT: 7.23	Nc: 7.25	Nd: 1.74
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: 5.51

<i>Enterococcus hirae</i> ATCC 10541	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 186;181	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 3; 0
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 20;16	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 162;174	10 <sup>-4</sup> :153;145	10 <sup>-4</sup> :139;148	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.66	10 <sup>-5</sup> :22;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> :20;25	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 18;18	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.23	NT: 7.17	Nc: 7.16	Nd: 1.18
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: 5.98
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 10636	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 164;156	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 18;18	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 122;147	10 <sup>-4</sup> :139;127	10 <sup>-4</sup> :132;152	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.61	10 <sup>-5</sup> :18;14	10 <sup>-5</sup> :16;22	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 18;16	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.13	NT: 7.12	Nc: 7.15	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: >7.05
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 10231	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 185;194	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 17;21	10 <sup>-3</sup> :18;23	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 21;25	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 22;19	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;2	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;2	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 2;3	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 5.68	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;1	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 5.28	NC: 5.31	Nc: 5.36	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: >5.26

Table 2. Data counted and calculated; dirty conditions; 5 min

Test organisms	Test suspension	Test validation		Water control	Test procedure concentration
	N	NT	NC	Nc	Ready to use
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 6538	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 204;225	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 1
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 22;26	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 193;184	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 166;181	10 <sup>-4</sup> :184;175	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.73	10 <sup>-5</sup> :24;26	10 <sup>-5</sup> :22;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 24;28	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.28	NT: 7.24	Nc: 7.25	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 1
					R: >7.15
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 15442	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 204;215	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 1;0
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 20;24	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 182;154	10 <sup>-4</sup> :177;159	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 191;168	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 1
	N: 6.72	10 <sup>-5</sup> :20;17	10 <sup>-5</sup> :14;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 22;18	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.23	NT: 7.23	Nc: 7.25	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: >7.15
<i>Enterococcus hirae</i> ATCC 10541	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 186;181	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 20;16	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 162;174	10 <sup>-4</sup> :153;145	10 <sup>-4</sup> :139;148	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.66	10 <sup>-5</sup> :22;19	10 <sup>-5</sup> :20;25	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 18;18	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.23	NT: 7.17	Nc: 7.16	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: 7.16

<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 10636	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 164;156	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> :>330;>330	10 <sup>-3</sup> : >330;>330	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-7</sup> : 18;18	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 122;147	10 <sup>-4</sup> :139;127	10 <sup>-4</sup> :132;152	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.61	10 <sup>-5</sup> :18;14	10 <sup>-5</sup> :16;22	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 18;16	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 7.13	NT: 7.12	Nc: 7.15	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: >7.05

Table 3. Data counted and calculated; dirty conditions;1 5 min

Test organisms	Test suspension N	Test validation		Water control Nc	Test procedure concentration Ready to use
		NT	NC		
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 10231	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 185;194	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 17;21	10 <sup>-3</sup> :18;23	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 21;25	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 22;19	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;2	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;2	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 2;3	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 5.68	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;1	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 5.28	NC: 5.31	Nc: 5.36	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 0
					R: >5.26

Appendix 2

Interpretation

A ready to use product BACTICID AF (Batch No. 197101017) was tested according to the EN 13697 standard at 20°C ± 1°C, with the contact times 30sec, 5 min (obligatory contact time for bacteria) and 15 min (obligatory contact time for yeast) under dirty conditions. The method was used for testing the product efficacy against the microorganisms: *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538; *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442; *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541; *Escherichia coli* ATCC 8739; *Candida albicans* ATCC 10231. Under dirty conditions (test regime) the tested product was active against all the testorganisms within the contact times tested.

Conclusion

By the test results can be concluded that as treated by the product the surviving microorganisms count was decreasing at least four grades for bacteria and at least three grades for yeast, the tested product BACTICID AF is bactericidal and yeasticidal in case of surface disinfection, under dirty conditions within the contact time of 30 sec.

  
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aare

Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Date of test report: 01.03.2018

Test report No. sd1817

EVALUATION OF THE ANTIBACTERIAL AND – FUNGAL PROTECTION OF A  
DISINFECTANT ON NONPOROUS SURFACE (EN 13697)

Name of the product: Bactacid AF  
Batch number: 197101017  
Order number: 17029  
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, Estonia, Maris Millner,  
+372-51-77-090  
Date of delivery: 15.12.2017  
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark  
Active substance – conc.: Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
Appearance of the product: Transparent liquid  
Test concentration: Ready to use  
Test conditions: Dirty conditions  
Contact time: 3 min; 15 min obligatory  
Interfering substance: 3.0 g/l bovine albumin  
Test neutralizer: Polysorbate 80: 30g/l; saponin 30g/l; lecithin, 3g/l  
Test organisms: *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404  
Testing method base: EVS-EN 13697:2015 -Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics –  
Quantitative non-porous surface test for the evaluation of bactericidal  
and/or fungicidal activity of chemical disinfectants used in food,  
industrial, domestic and institutional areas.  
Testing date: 25.02.2018 – 28.02.2018  
Results: look appendix 1-2



Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Date of test report: 01.03.2018

Appendix 1

TEST RESULTS

EVS-EN 13697:2015; Phase 2, step 2;

Product: Bacticide AF

Contact/neutralization method; surface;

Neutralizers: Polysorbate 80: 30g/l; saponin 30/l; lecithin, 3g/l;

Test organisms: *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404

Test temperature: +20° C ± 1° C; Incubation temperature: +30° C ± 1° C;

Solvents: water;

Interfering substances: 3.0 g/l bovine albumin = dirty conditions

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.; Date of test: 25.02.2018 – 28.02.2018.

Table 1. Data counted and calculated; dirty conditions; 3 min

Test organisms	Test suspension N	Test validation		Water control Nc	Test procedure concentration
		NT	NC		Ready to use
<i>Aspergillus brasiliensis</i> ATCC 16404	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 163;188	10 <sup>-3</sup> :22;16	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 26;30	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 31;36	10 <sup>0</sup> : 3; 1
	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 14;16	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 4;1	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 2;1	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;4	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.64	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 5.28	NT: 5.45	Nc: 5.53	Nd: 1.30
				Nts: >100	Nts: 1
					R: 4.23

Table 2. Data counted and calculated; dirty conditions; 15 min

Test organisms	Test suspension N	Test validation		Water control Nc	Test procedure concentration
		NT	NC		Ready to use
<i>Aspergillus brasiliensis</i> ATCC 16404	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 163;188	10 <sup>-3</sup> :22;16	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 26;30	10 <sup>-3</sup> : 31;36	10 <sup>0</sup> : 0; 0
	10 <sup>-6</sup> : 14;16	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 4;1	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 2;1	10 <sup>-4</sup> : 3;4	10 <sup>-1</sup> : 0; 0
	N: 6.64	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-5</sup> : 0;0	10 <sup>-2</sup> : 0; 0
		NT: 5.28	NT: 5.45	Nc: 5.53	Nd: <0.1
				Nts: >100	Nts: 1
					R: > 5.43

Appendix 2

**Interpretation**

A ready to use product BACTICID AF (Batch No. 197101017) was tested according to the EN 13697 standard at  $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ , with the contact times 3 min, 15 min (obligatory contact time) under dirty conditions. The method was used for testing the product efficacy against the microorganism: *Aspergillus brasiliensis* ATCC 16404. Under dirty conditions (test regime) the tested product was active against the testorganism within the contact times tested.

**Conclusion**

By the test results can be concluded that as treated by the product the surviving microorganisms count was at least  $\lg_3$  reduction, the tested product BACTICID AF is fungicidal in case of surface disinfection, under dirty conditions within the contact time of 3 min.



.....a Kaare

Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Date of test report: 01.03.2018



TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;  
 Membrane filtration method;  
 Rinsing liquid: tryptone, 1 g/l+ NaCl, 9 g/l;  
 Test organism: *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538;  
 Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C  
 Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions  
 Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;  
 Date of test: 17.02.2018 – 19.02.2018  
 Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	83	$\bar{x} = 86.5$	$V_{C1}$	72	$\bar{x} = 68.5$	$V_{C1}$	68	$\bar{x} = 71.5$	$V_{C1}$	81	$\bar{x} = 77$
$V_{C2}$	90		$V_{C2}$	65		$V_{C2}$	75		$V_{C2}$	73	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.45 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.39$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 7,39$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-7}$	257	224	
	$10^{-8}$	28	30	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.24	30 sec	dirty

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{v0}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$Na$  = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor (R=  $N_0/ Na$ ; LogR=Log $N_0$  - Log  $Na$ )

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;  
 Membrane filtration method;  
 Rinsing liquid: tryptone, 1 g/l+ NaCl, 9 g/l;  
 Test organism: *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541;  
 Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C  
 Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions  
 Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;  
 Date of test: 17.02.2018 – 19.02.2018  
 Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	62	$\bar{x} = 66$	$V_{C1}$	47	$\bar{x} = 46$	$V_{C1}$	52	$\bar{x} = 53.5$	$V_{C1}$	59	$\bar{x} = 61$
$V_{C2}$	70		$V_{C2}$	45		$V_{C2}$	55		$V_{C2}$	53	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:  $N$ and $N_0$	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.15 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.33$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 7,33$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-7}$	203	224	
	$10^{-8}$	22	25	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.18	30 sec	dirty

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$Na$  = surviving microbes after the test

$R$  = reduction factor ( $R = N_0 / Na$ ;  $\text{LogR} = \text{Log}N_0 - \text{Log}Na$ )

**TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)**

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone, 1 g/l+ NaCl, 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 17.02.2018 – 19.02.2018

Responsible person: Diana Kaare

**Validation and controls**

**Dirty conditions**

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	94	$\bar{x} = 87$	$V_{C1}$	71	$\bar{x} = 72.5$	$V_{C1}$	66	$\bar{x} = 68$	$V_{C1}$	75	$\bar{x} = 78.5$
$V_{C2}$	80		$V_{C2}$	74		$V_{C2}$	70		$V_{C2}$	82	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

**Test suspension and test**

Testsuspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.74 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.44$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 7,44$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-7}$	284	266	
	$10^{-8}$	24	29	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.29	30 sec	dirty

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$Na$  = surviving microbes after the test

$R$  = reduction factor ( $R = N_0 / Na$ ;  $\text{LogR} = \text{Log}N_0 - \text{Log}Na$ )

**TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)**

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone, 1 g/l+ NaCl, 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Staphylococcus aureus* MRSA ATCC 33592

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 17.02.2018 – 19.02.2018

Responsible person: Diana Kaare

**Validation and controls**

**Dirty conditions**

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	66	$\bar{x} = 61.5$	$V_{C1}$	42	$\bar{x} = 45.5$	$V_{C1}$	49	$\bar{x} = 47.5$	$V_{C1}$	52	$\bar{x} = 53$
$V_{C2}$	57		$V_{C2}$	49		$V_{C2}$	46		$V_{C2}$	54	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

**Test suspension and test**

Test suspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 1.99 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.30$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 7.30$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-7}$	204	191	
	$10^{-8}$	18	24	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{c1}$	$V_{c2}$	$N_a$ (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log $N_a$	logR	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.15	30 sec	dirty

Explanations:

$V_c$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{c1}$  and  $V_{c2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$N_a$  = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor (R=  $N_0/ N_a$ ; LogR=Log $N_0$  - Log  $N_a$ )

Appendix 5

**TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)**

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone, 1 g/l+ NaCl, 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Enterococcus faecium* VRE ATCC 700221

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 17.02.2018 – 19.02.2018

Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	62	$\bar{x} = 64$	$V_{C1}$	52	$\bar{x} = 54.5$	$V_{C1}$	43	$\bar{x} = 47$	$V_{C1}$	58	$\bar{x} = 59$
$V_{C2}$	66		$V_{C2}$	57		$V_{C2}$	51		$V_{C2}$	60	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 1.88 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9.27$ $N_0 = N/100$ ; $\log N_0 = 7.27$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-7}$	181	195	
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-8}$	22	18	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.12	30 sec	dirty

Explanations:

$V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$N_a$  = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor (R=  $N_0/ N_a$ ; LogR=Log $N_0$  - Log  $N_a$ )

**Interpretation:**

The product for surface disinfection Bactacid AF (batch no. 197101017) was tested according to the test method EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015. The test was performed at  $20\text{ °C} \pm 1\text{ °C}$ , under dirty conditions with the contact time of 30 sec. The membrane filtration method was used for testing the products' effectiveness against the reference strains: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442, *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541, *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538, *Staphylococcus aureus* MRSA ATCC 33592 and *Enterococcus faecium* VRE ATCC 700221. Under dirty conditions the tested product was effective against all the reference strains within 30 sec of contact time.

**Conclusion:**

The surviving count of bacterial reference strains showed at least 5lg reduction meaning that under dirty conditions the ready to use product Bactacid AF has a bactericidal effect in case of surface disinfection within 30 sec.

  
Sc

Head of laboratory, microbiologist

Test report No. sd1418

## EVALUATION OF MYCOBACTERICIDAL ACTIVITY (EN 14348)

Name of the product: Bactid AF  
Batch number: 197101017  
Order number: 17028  
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd.  
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, Estonia, Maris Millner, +372-51-77-090  
Date of delivery: 15.12.2017  
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare  
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark;  
Active substance – conc.: Ethyl alcohol 57.0% wt, isopropyl alcohol 6.0% wt  
Appearance of the product: Transparent liquid  
Test concentration: Ready to use  
Test conditions: Dirty and clean conditions  
Contact time: 30 sec, 60 min(obligatory)  
Interfering substance: 3,0 g/l bovine albumin + 3,0 ml SBE = dirty conditions; 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = clean conditions  
Test neutralizer: -  
Rinsing liquid: Distilled water  
Test organisms: *Mycobacterium terrae* ATCC 15755;  
*Mycobacterium avium* ATCC 15769  
Testing method base: EVS-EN 14348:2005 – Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of mycobactericidal activity of chemical disinfectants in the medical area including instrument disinfectants - Test methods and requirements (phase 2, step 1)  
Testing date: 29.01.2018 – 19.02.2018  
Results: look appendix 1-3



.....  
VSc  
Head of laboratory, microbiologist  
Date of test report: 26.02.2018

Appendix 1

TEST RESULTS (mycobactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 14348:2005; Phase 2, step 1;  
 Membrane filtration method; Spread plate;  
 Rinsing liquid: distilled water;  
 Test organism: *Mycobacterium terrae* ATCC 15755;  
 Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37° C  
 Solvents: diluent, water;  
 Interfering substance: 3,0 g/l bovine albumin + 3,0 ml SBE = dirty conditions; 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = clean conditions  
 Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;  
 Date of test: 29.01.2018 – 19.02.2018  
 Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Dirty and clean conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	80	$\bar{x} = 76$	$V_{C1}$	49	$\bar{x} = 49,5$	$V_{C1}$	62	$\bar{x} = 53,5$	$V_{C1}$	74	$\bar{x} = 72,5$
$V_{C2}$	72		$V_{C2}$	50		$V_{C2}$	45		$V_{C2}$	71	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Test suspension:	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2,56 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9,41$ $N_0 = N/10$ ; $\log N_0 = 8,41$ $8,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 8,7$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
$N$ and $N_0$	$10^{-7}$	262	249	
	$10^{-8}$	30	23	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product. %	Dilution step	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,26	30 sec	dirty
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,26	60 min	dirty
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,26	30 sec	clean
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,26	60 min	clean
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					

Explanations:

- $V_C$  = count per ml (one plate or more)  
 $\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{C1}$  and  $V_{C2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)  
 $N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension  
 $N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)  
 $N_{vo}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)  
 $Na$  = surviving microbes after the test  
 $R$  = reduction factor ( $R= N_0/ Na$ ;  $\text{Log}R=\text{Log}N_0 - \text{Log} Na$ )

Appendix 2

TEST RESULTS (mycobactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 14348:2005; Phase 2, step 1;  
 Membrane filtration method; Spread plate;  
 Rinsing liquid: distilled water;  
 Test organism: *Mycobacterium avium* ATCC 15769;  
 Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37° C  
 Solvents: diluent, water;  
 Interfering substance: 3,0 g/l bovine albumin + 3,0 ml SBE = dirty conditions; 0,3 g/l bovine albumin = clean conditions  
 Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;  
 Date of test: 29.01.2018 – 19.02.2018  
 Responsible person: Diana Kaare

Validation and controls

Dirty and clean conditions

Validation suspension $N_{vo}$			Experimental conditions (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
$V_{C1}$	94	$\bar{x} = 93$	$V_{C1}$	80	$\bar{x} = 74,5$	$V_{C1}$	65	$\bar{x} = 62$	$V_{C1}$	93	$\bar{x} = 94,5$
$V_{C2}$	92		$V_{C2}$	69		$V_{C2}$	59		$V_{C2}$	96	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$ ? yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>		

Test suspension and test

Test suspension: $N$ and $N_0$	$N$	$V_{C1}$	$V_{C2}$	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2,86 \times 10^9$ ; $\log N = 9,46$ $N_0 = N/10$ ; $\log N_0 = 8,46$ $8,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 8,7$ ; yes X; no <input type="checkbox"/>
	$10^{-7}$	283	291	
	$10^{-8}$	31	25	

### Experimental results

Concentration of the product. %	Dilution step	$V_{c1}$	$V_{c2}$	Na (= $\bar{x}$ *10)	log Na	logR	Contact time	Conditions
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,31	30 sec	dirty
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,31	60 min	dirty
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,31	30 sec	clean
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					
RTU	$10^0$	<14	<14	<140	<2,15	>6,31	60 min	clean
	$10^{-1}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-2}$	<14	<14					
	$10^{-3}$	<14	<14					

### Explanations:

$V_c$  = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$  = average of  $V_{c1}$  and  $V_{c2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate)

$N$  = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

$N_0$  = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

$N_{v0}$  = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

$Na$  = surviving microbes after the test

$R$  = reduction factor ( $R = N_0 / Na$ ;  $\text{Log}R = \text{Log}N_0 - \text{Log}Na$ )

Appendix 3

Interpretation

Using the EN 14348 standard, there was tested ready to use product – Bactacid AF- (No. 197101017), at 20 °C ± 1 °C, with the contact time 30 sec and 60 min under dirty and clean conditions. The membrane filtration method was used for testing products' effectiveness against the reference strains: *Mycobacterium terrae* ATCC 15755, *Mycobacterium avium* ATCC 15769. Under dirty and clean conditions the tested product was active against all the testorganisms at contact times tested.

Conclusion

By the test results can be concluded that as treated by the product the surviving microorganisms count was decreasing at least four grades that under clean and dirty conditions the ready to use product Bactacid AF is mycobactericidal in case of surface disinfection, during contact time of 30 sec.

  
.....  
Diana Kaare  
Head of laboratory, microbiologist



**DR. BRILL + DR. STEINMANN**  
INSTITUTE FOR HYGIENE AND MICROBIOLOGY



06/02/2018

## Test report L17/0629aA.1

Evaluation of the effectiveness of  
**Bactacid AF**

Test virus: adenovirus type 5

Method: EN 14476:2013+A1:2015 (clean conditions)

quantitative suspension test for the evaluation  
of virucidal activity of chemical disinfectants and  
antiseptics used in human medicine

**Sponsor:**  
Chemi-Pharm AS  
Pollu 132  
EST – TALLINN 10917

Norderoog 2, DE - 28259 Bremen  
Tel.: +49 40-557631-0, Fax: +49 40-557631-11  
[info@brillhygiene.com](mailto:info@brillhygiene.com), <http://www.brillhygiene.com>

## 1. Identification of test laboratory

Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH Institute for Hygiene and Microbiology, Norderoog 2, DE - 28259 Bremen

## 2. Identification of sample

Manufacturer	Chemi-Pharm AS
Name of product	Bactacid AF
Confirmation no.	203850
Product diluent recommended by the manufacturer	-
Batch number	197101017
Application	surface disinfection
Production date	10/10/2017
Expiry date	10/10/2020
Active compound (s) (100 g)	57 g ethanol 6 g IPA
Appearance, odour	clear, colorless liquid product specific
pH-values	undiluted: 7.49 (20 °C)
Storage conditions	room temperature in the dark (area with restricted access)
Date of arrival in the laboratory	13/10/2017

## 3. Materials

### 3.1 Culture medium and reagents

- Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium with Earle's BSS (EMEM, Biozym Scientific GmbH, catalogue no. 880121)
- fetal calf serum (Biochrom AG, article no. S 0115)
- 1.4 % formaldehyde solution (dilution of Roti®-Histofix 4 %, Carl Roth GmbH)
- Aqua bidest. (SG ultrapure water system, type Ultra Clear; serial no. 86996-1)
- PBS (Invitrogen, article no. 18912-014)
- BSA (Sigma-Aldrich-Chemie GmbH, article no. CA-2153).

\* Test procedure accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Test report issued by Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH, Norderoog 2, DE – 28259 Bremen, Germany, Telephone +49. 40. 557631-0, Telefax +49. 40. 557631-11, www.brillhygiene.com. No copying or transmission, in whole or in part, of this test report without the explicit prior written permission. The test results exclusively apply to the tested samples. Information on measurement uncertainty on request. © Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH 2018

### 3.2 Virus and cells

The adenovirus type 5 strain adenoid 75 was obtained from PD Dr. A. Heim, Institute of Medical Virology, Hannover Medical School, Hannover, Germany. Before the inactivation assays, the virus had been passaged 3 times in *A549 cells* (human lung epithelial carcinoma cells).

The *A549 cells* (passage 111) originated from Vircell, S.L., Spain, 18320 Santa Fe (now BIOTRIN International GmbH, DE - 69126 Heidelberg).

The cells were inspected regularly for morphological alterations and for contamination by mycoplasmas. No morphological alterations of cells and no contamination by mycoplasmas could be detected.

### 3.3 Apparatus, glassware and small items of equipment

- CO<sub>2</sub> incubator, Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, model QWJ 350
- Agitator (Vortex Genie Mixer, type G 560E)
- pH measurement 315i (WTW, article no. 2A10-100)
- Centrifuge (Sigma-Aldrich-Chemie GmbH, type 113)
- Microscope (Olympus, type CK 30)
- Centrifuge 5804 R (Eppendorf AG)
- Water bath (JULABO, Julabo U 3)
- Adjustable and fixed-volume pipettes (Eppendorf AG)
- Polystyrol 96-well microtitre plate (Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, Wiesbaden)
- Cell culture flask (Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, Wiesbaden)
- Sealed test tubes (Sarstedt AG & Co., Nümbrecht).

\* Test procedure accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Test report issued by Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH, Norderoog 2, DE – 28259 Bremen, Germany, Telephone +49. 40. 557631-0, Telefax +49. 40. 557631-11, [www.brillhygiene.com](http://www.brillhygiene.com). No copying or transmission, in whole or in part, of this test report without the explicit prior written permission. The test results exclusively apply to the tested samples. Information on measurement uncertainty on request. © Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH 2018

#### 4. Experimental conditions

Test temperature	20 °C ± 1.0 °C
Concentration of test product	undiluted (80.0 %) and as 50.0 % and 10.0 % (demonstration of non-active range) solutions
Appearance of product dilutions	no precipitation
Contact times	30, 45 and 60 seconds and 30 minutes
Interfering substance	0.3 g/l bovine serum albumin (clean conditions, EN 14476)
Procedure to stop action of disinfectant	immediate dilution
Diluent	water
Stability of product in the mix with virus and interfering substance (80.0 % solution)	no clouding, no precipitation
Virus strain	adenovirus type 5 strain adenoid 75 (ATCC VR-5)
Date of testing	19/12/2017 – 06/02/2018
End of testing	06/02/2018

#### 5. Methods

##### 5.1 Preparation of test virus suspension

For preparation of test virus suspension according to EN 5.4.1 *A549 cells* were infected with a multiplicity of infection of 0.1 at 37 °C. After cells showed a cytopathic effect, they were subjected to a threefold freeze/thaw procedure followed by a low speed centrifugation in order to sediment cell debris. After aliquotation of the supernatant, test virus suspension was stored at -80 °C.

##### 5.2 Preparation of disinfectant (dilutions)

The test product was tested undiluted. Due to the addition of interfering substance and test virus suspension an 80.0 % solution resulted.

Furthermore, the product was evaluated as 50.0 % and 10.0 % solutions (demonstrating of non-active range). These solutions were prepared with water immediately before the inactivation tests.

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### 5.3 Infectivity assay

Infectivity was determined as endpoint titration according to EN 5.5 transferring 0.1 ml of each dilution into eight wells of a microtitre plate, beginning with the highest dilution. This was followed by the addition of 0.1 ml of freshly trypsinized A549 cells. This cell suspension was adjusted to reach  $10\text{--}15 \times 10^3$  cells per well. Microtitre plates were incubated at 37 °C in a 5 % CO<sub>2</sub>-atmosphere. The cytopathic effect was read by using an inverted microscope after ten days. Calculation of the infective dose TCID<sub>50</sub>/ml was calculated with the method of Spearman (2) and Kärber (3) with the following formula:

$$-\log_{10} \text{TCID}_{50} = X_0 - 0.5 + \sum r/n$$

meaning

$X_0$  = log<sub>10</sub> of the lowest dilution with 100 % positive reaction

$r$  = number of pos. determinations of lowest dilution step with 100 % positive and all higher positive dilution steps

$n$  = number of determinations for each dilution step.

### 5.4 Calculation and verification of virucidal activity

The virucidal activity of the test disinfectant was evaluated by calculating the decrease in titre in comparison with the control titration without disinfectant. The difference is given as reduction factor (RF).

According to the EN 14476, a disinfectant or a disinfectant solution at a particular concentration is having virus-inactivating efficacy if the titre is reduced at least by four log<sub>10</sub> steps within the recommended exposure period. This corresponds to an inactivation of  $\geq 99.99$  %.

### 5.5 Inactivation assay

Determination of virucidal activity has been carried out in accordance to EN 5.5. The test product was examined undiluted (80.0 %) and as 50.0 % and 10.0 % (demonstration of non-active range) solutions in water at 20 °C according to EN 14476. 30, 45 and 60 seconds and 30 minutes were chosen as contact times.

Immediately at the end of a chosen contact time, activity of the disinfectant was stopped by dilution to 10<sup>-8</sup>.

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