

Folate RBC



Folate

REF	Σ	SYSTEM	
05944295 190	100	Elecsys 2010 MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 cobas e 411 cobas e 601 cobas e 602	

English

Intended use

This assay is used for the in vitro quantitative determination of folate in erythrocytes (red blood cells, RBC). The electrochemiluminescence binding assay is intended for use on the Elecsys and **cobas e** immunoassay analyzers.

Summary

Nutritional and macrocytic anemias can be caused by a deficiency of folate. This deficiency can result from diets devoid of raw fruits, vegetables or other foods rich in folic acid, as may be the case with chronic alcoholics, drug addicts, the elderly or persons of low socioeconomic status, etc. In addition, low serum folate during pregnancy has been associated with neural tube defects in the fetus.¹ Dietary deficiency and malabsorption are the major causes of folate deficiency in humans.² Folate is necessary for normal metabolism, DNA synthesis and red blood cell regeneration. Untreated deficiencies may lead to megaloblastic anemia.

Since a deficiency of either vitamin B12 or folate can cause megaloblastic anemia, it is advisable to determine the concentration of both vitamin B12 and folate in order to properly diagnose the etiology of anemia. For diagnosis of folate deficiency, it is recommended to perform determinations not only in serum but also in erythrocytes. More than 95 % of folate occurs in the red blood cells. The folate concentration in erythrocytes more truly reflects the overall folate concentration in the tissue.^{3,4} Radioassays were first reported for folate in 1973.^{5,6,7,8}

The majority utilize ¹²⁵I-folate radiolabeled tracers and natural binding proteins (milk binding protein, folate binding protein). The various commercial assays differ in their free versus bound separation techniques and choice of specimen pretreatment.

The Elecsys Folate RBC assay employs a competitive test principle using natural folate binding protein (FBP) specific for folate. Folate in the sample competes with the added folate (labeled with biotin) for the binding sites on FBP (labeled with ruthenium complex^{a)}).

a) Tris(2,2'-bipyridyl)ruthenium(II)-complex (Ru(bpy)₃²⁺)

Test principle

Competition principle. Total duration of assay: 27 minutes.

Whole blood treated with anticoagulants (heparin or EDTA) is mixed with ascorbic acid solution and incubated for approximately 90 minutes at 20-25 °C. Lysis of the erythrocytes takes place, with liberation and stabilization of the intracellular folate. The resulting hemolysate sample is then used for subsequent measurement.

- 1st incubation: By incubating 25 µL of hemolysate sample with the folate pretreatment reagents 1 and 2, bound folate is released from endogenous folate binding proteins.
- 2nd incubation: By incubating the pretreated sample with the ruthenium labeled folate binding protein, a folate complex is formed, the amount of which is dependent upon the analyte concentration in the sample.
- 3rd incubation: After addition of streptavidin-coated microparticles and folate labeled with biotin, the unbound sites of the ruthenium labeled folate binding protein become occupied, with formation of a ruthenium labeled folate binding protein-folate biotin complex. The entire complex becomes bound to the solid phase via interaction of biotin and streptavidin.
- The reaction mixture is aspirated into the measuring cell where the microparticles are magnetically captured onto the surface of the electrode. Unbound substances are then removed with ProCell/ProCell M. Application of a voltage to the electrode then induces chemiluminescent emission which is measured by a photomultiplier.
- Results are determined via a calibration curve which is instrument-specifically generated by 2-point calibration and a master curve provided via the reagent barcode.

Reagents - working solutions

The reagent rackpack (M, R1, R2) is labeled as RBC-FOL.

- PT1 Pretreatment reagent 1 (white cap), 1 bottle, 4 mL:
Sodium 2-mercaptoethanesulfonate (MESNA) 40 g/L, pH 5.5.
- PT2 Pretreatment reagent 2 (gray cap), 1 bottle, 5 mL:
Sodium hydroxide 25 g/L.
- M Streptavidin-coated microparticles (transparent cap), 1 bottle, 6.5 mL:
Streptavidin-coated microparticles 0.72 mg/mL; preservative.
- R1 Folate binding protein~Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ (gray cap), 1 bottle, 9 mL:
Ruthenium labeled folate binding protein 75 µg/L; human serum albumin (stabilizer); borate/phosphate/citrate buffer 70 mmol/L, pH 5.5; preservative.
- R2 Folate~biotin (black cap), 1 bottle, 8 mL:
Biotinylated folate 17 µg/L; biotin 120 µg/L; human serum albumin (stabilizer); borate buffer 100 mmol/L, pH 9.0; preservative.

Precautions and warnings

For in vitro diagnostic use.
Exercise the normal precautions required for handling all laboratory reagents.
Disposal of all waste material should be in accordance with local guidelines. Safety data sheet available for professional user on request.
This kit contains components classified as follows in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:



- Danger
- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Prevention:**
- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
- Response:**
- P301 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. + P331
- P303 + P361 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. + P353
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. + P310
- P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. + P338 + P310

Folate RBC

Folate

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Product safety labeling primarily follows EU GHS guidance.

Contact phone: all countries: +49-621-7590

All human material should be considered potentially infectious. All products derived from human blood are prepared exclusively from the blood of donors tested individually and shown to be free from HBsAg and antibodies to HCV and HIV. The testing methods applied were FDA-approved or cleared in compliance with the European Directive 98/79/EC, Annex II, List A.

However, as no testing method can rule out the potential risk of infection with absolute certainty, the material should be handled with the same level of care as a patient specimen. In the event of exposure, the directives of the responsible health authorities should be followed.^{9,10}

Avoid foam formation in all reagents and sample types (specimens, calibrators and controls).

Reagent handling

The reagents in the kit have been assembled into a ready-for-use unit that cannot be separated.

All information required for correct operation is read in from the respective reagent barcodes.

Storage and stability

Store at 2-8 °C.

Do not freeze.

Store the Elecsys reagent kit **upright** in order to ensure complete availability of the microparticles during automatic mixing prior to use.

Stability:	
unopened at 2-8 °C	up to the stated expiration date
after opening at 2-8 °C	8 weeks
on the analyzers	2 weeks

Specimen collection and preparation

Only the specimens listed below were tested and found acceptable.

Hemolysate prepared from whole blood treated with anticoagulants (Na-heparin or K₃-EDTA).

- For the determination of folate in RBC: Determine hematocrit in whole blood samples and record the value.

Preparation of the hemolysate sample

Mix 3.0 mL of Folate RBC Hemolyzing Reagent (ascorbic acid solution, 0.2 %) and 100 µL of well-mixed whole blood, avoiding foam formation. Incubate with closed caps for 90 ± 15 minutes at 20-25 °C.

Stability:

Whole blood: 2 hours at 20-25 °C¹¹, 24 hours at 2-8 °C, 1 month at -20 °C (only EDTA-blood).

Hemolysate sample: 1 month at -20 °C, freeze only once.

The sample types listed were tested with a selection of sample collection tubes that were commercially available at the time of testing, i.e. not all available tubes of all manufacturers were tested. Sample collection systems from various manufacturers may contain differing materials which could affect the test results in some cases. When processing samples in primary tubes (sample collection systems), follow the instructions of the tube manufacturer.

Samples should not subsequently be altered with additives (biocides, anti-oxidants or substances possibly changing the pH of the sample) in order to avoid erroneous folate recovery.

Ensure the samples, calibrators and controls are at 20-25 °C prior to measurement.

Due to possible evaporation effects, samples, calibrators and controls on the analyzers should be analyzed/measured within 2 hours.

If measurements cannot be carried out within 2 hours please store the hemolysate sample at -20 °C.

Materials provided

See "Reagents – working solutions" section for reagents.

Materials required (but not provided)

- [REF] 05944309190, Folate RBC CalSet, for 4 x 1.0 mL
- [REF] 05944317190, Folate RBC Hemolyzing Reagent kit for 4 x 200 mL, contains ascorbic acid
- General laboratory equipment

- Elecsys 2010, MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 or **cobas e** analyzer

Accessories for Elecsys 2010 and **cobas e** 411 analyzers:

- [REF] 11662988122, ProCell, 6 x 380 mL system buffer
- [REF] 11662970122, CleanCell, 6 x 380 mL measuring cell cleaning solution
- [REF] 11930346122, Elecsys SysWash, 1 x 500 mL washwater additive
- [REF] 11933159001, Adapter for SysClean
- [REF] 11706802001, Elecsys 2010 AssayCup, 60 x 60 reaction vessels
- [REF] 11706799001, Elecsys 2010 AssayTip, 30 x 120 pipette tips

Accessories for MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, **cobas e** 601 and **cobas e** 602 analyzers:

- [REF] 04880340190, ProCell M, 2 x 2 L system buffer
- [REF] 04880293190, CleanCell M, 2 x 2 L measuring cell cleaning solution
- [REF] 03023141001, PC/CC-Cups, 12 cups to prewarm ProCell M and CleanCell M before use
- [REF] 03005712190, ProbeWash M, 12 x 70 mL cleaning solution for run finalization and rinsing during reagent change
- [REF] 03004899190, PreClean M, 5 x 600 mL detection cleaning solution
- [REF] 12102137001, AssayTip/AssayCup Combimagazine M, 48 magazines x 84 reaction vessels or pipette tips, waste bags
- [REF] 03023150001, WasteLiner, waste bags
- [REF] 03027651001, SysClean Adapter M

Accessories for all analyzers:

- [REF] 11298500316, ISE Cleaning Solution/Elecsys SysClean, 5 x 100 mL system cleaning solution

Assay

The well-mixed hemolysate sample is placed in the sample zone of the analyzer and recorded by entering the sample identification data. Complete determinations on the analyzer within 2 hours after finalizing the preparation of the hemolysate sample.

For optimum performance of the assay follow the directions given in this document for the analyzer concerned. Refer to the appropriate operator's manual for analyzer-specific assay instructions.

Resuspension of the microparticles takes place automatically prior to use. Read in the test-specific parameters via the reagent barcode. If in exceptional cases the barcode cannot be read, enter the 15-digit sequence of numbers.

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, **cobas e** 601 and **cobas e** 602 analyzers: PreClean M solution is necessary.

Bring the cooled reagents to approximately 20 °C and place on the reagent disk (20 °C) of the analyzer. Avoid foam formation. The system automatically regulates the temperature of the reagents and the opening/closing of the bottles.

Calibration

Traceability: This method has been standardized against the Folate III assay ([REF] 04476433190)/RBC application.

The standardization of the Elecsys Folate RBC assay includes the volume correction to account for the preparation of hemolysate sample (1:31 vol/vol).

Every Elecsys reagent set has a barcoded label containing specific information for calibration of the particular reagent lot. The predefined master curve is adapted to the analyzer using the relevant CalSet.

Calibration frequency: Calibration must be performed once per reagent lot using fresh reagent (i.e. not more than 24 hours since the reagent kit was registered on the analyzer). Renewed calibration is recommended as follows:

Folate RBC



Folate

RBC folate (folate in erythrocyte fraction)					
Country	N	Median		2.5 th -97.5 th percentile	
		nmol/L	ng/mL	nmol/L	ng/mL
Europe	290	1657	730	1187-2854	523-1257
Australia	202	2149	948	1426-3294	629-1453

If pathologically low hematocrit values are considered for calculation of RBC folate in the erythrocyte fraction, elevated RBC folate concentrations may be observed. No medical conclusion should be based on the calculation considering hematocrit values in such cases. Instead, whole blood folate results (from hemolysate samples) and suitable expected values may be used.

Each laboratory should investigate the transferability of the expected values to its own patient population and if necessary determine its own reference ranges.

Specific performance data

Representative performance data on the analyzers are given below. Results obtained in individual laboratories may differ.

Precision

Precision was determined using Elecsys reagents and hemolysate samples in a protocol (EP5-A2) of the CLSI (Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute): 2 runs per day in duplication each for 21 days (n = 84). Results are given as whole blood folate (from hemolysate sample). The following results were obtained:

Elecsys 2010 and cobas e 411 analyzers									
Sample	Mean		Repeatability			Intermediate precision			
	SD		CV	SD		CV			
	nmol/L	ng/mL	nmol/L	ng/mL	%	nmol/L	ng/mL	%	
HL ^{b)} 1	154	68.0	11.7	5.17	7.6	21.9	9.65	14.2	
HL 2	352	155	17.5	7.73	5.0	27.7	12.2	7.9	
HL 3	618	272	25.4	11.2	4.1	38.4	16.9	6.2	
HL 4	1195	527	38.8	17.1	3.3	56.3	24.8	4.7	

b) HL = Hemolysate

MODULAR ANALYTICS E170, cobas e 601 and cobas e 602 analyzers									
Sample	Mean		Repeatability			Intermediate precision			
	SD		CV	SD		CV			
	nmol/L	ng/mL	nmol/L	ng/mL	%	nmol/L	ng/mL	%	
HL 1	138	61.0	12.1	5.31	8.8	14.3	6.32	10.4	
HL 2	434	191	26.1	11.5	6.0	28.4	12.5	6.5	
HL 3	586	258	32.0	14.1	5.5	34.3	15.1	5.9	
HL 4	1317	580	29.1	12.8	2.2	44.7	19.7	3.4	

Method comparison

a) A comparison of the Elecsys Folate RBC assay (calibrated with Folate RBC CalSet; y) and the Elecsys Folate III/RBC application (calibrated with Folate III CalSet; x) using hemolyzed clinical samples gave the following correlations (ng/mL). Results are given as whole blood folate (from hemolysate sample).

Number of samples measured: 187

Passing/Bablok¹² Linear regression

$$y = 1.02x - 14.1 \quad y = 1.00x - 12.0$$

$$\tau = 0.869 \quad r = 0.985$$

The sample concentrations were between approximately 151 and 551 ng/mL (approximately 343 and 1251 nmol/L).

b) A comparison of the Elecsys Folate RBC assay on the MODULAR ANALYTICS E170 analyzer (y) with the Elecsys Folate RBC assay on the Elecsys 2010 analyzer (x) (both tests have been calibrated with Folate RBC

CalSet) using hemolyzed clinical samples gave the following correlations (ng/mL). Results are given as whole blood folate (from hemolysate sample). Number of samples measured: 187

Passing/Bablok Linear regression

$$y = 1.04x + 1.94 \quad y = 1.02x + 8.07$$

$$\tau = 0.814 \quad r = 0.970$$

The sample concentrations were between approximately 137 and 557 ng/mL (approximately 311 and 1264 nmol/L).

References

- Rush D. Folate Supplements Prevent Recurrence of Neural Tube Defects, FDA Dietary Supplement Task Force. Nutrition Reviews 1992;50(1):22-28.
- Herbert V. Drugs effective in megaloblastic anemias. In Goodman LS and Gilman A (eds): The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, 5th Ed, MacMillan Co, 1975;1324-1349.
- Greiling H, Gressner AM. Lehrbuch der Klinischen Chemie und Pathobiochemie. 3rd ed., Stuttgart; New York: Schattauer 1995:460-462.
- Gunter EW, Bowman BA, Caudill SP, et al. Results of an international round robin for serum and whole-blood folate. Clin Chem 1996;42(10):1689-1694.
- Dunn RT, Foster LB. Radioassay of serum Folate. Clin Chem 1973;19:1101-1105.
- Rothenberg SP, DaCosta M, Rosenberg BS. A radioassay for serum Folate: Use of a two phase sequential incubation, ligand-binding system. New Eng J Med 1972;285(25):1335-1339.
- Gutcho S, Mansbach L. Simultaneous radioassay of serum Folate and folic acid. Clin Chem 1977;23:1609-1614.
- BIO RAD Quantaphase B-12/Folate Radioassay Instruction Manual. March 1995.
- Occupational Safety and Health Standards: bloodborne pathogens. (29 CFR Part 1910.1030). Fed. Register.
- Directive 2000/54/EC of the European Parliament and Council of 18 September 2000 on the protection of workers from risks related to exposure to biological agents at work.
- Eijsden M, van der Wal MF, Hornstra G, et al. Can whole blood samples be stored over 24 hours without compromising stability of C-Reactive Protein, Retinol, Ferritin, Folic Acid and Fatty Acids in Epidemiology Research? Clin Chem 2005;51(1):230-232.
- Bablok W, Passing H, Bender R, et al. A general regression procedure for method transformation. Application of linear regression procedures for method comparison studies in clinical chemistry, Part III. J Clin Chem Clin Biochem 1988 Nov;26(11):783-790.

For further information, please refer to the appropriate operator's manual for the analyzer concerned, the respective application sheets, the product information and the Method Sheets of all necessary components (if available in your country).

A point (period/stop) is always used in this Method Sheet as the decimal separator to mark the border between the integral and the fractional parts of a decimal numeral. Separators for thousands are not used.

Symbols

Roche Diagnostics uses the following symbols and signs in addition to those listed in the ISO 15223-1 standard:

	Contents of kit
	Analyzers/Instruments on which reagents can be used
	Reagent
	Calibrator
	Volume after reconstitution or mixing
	Global Trade Item Number

ms_05944295190V6.0

Folate RBC

Folate

cobas[®]

COBAS, COBAS E, ELECSYS and PRECICONTROL are trademarks of Roche. INTRALIPID is a trademark of Fresenius Kabi AB.

All other product names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Additions, deletions or changes are indicated by a change bar in the margin.

© 2016, Roche Diagnostics



Roche Diagnostics GmbH, Sandhofer Strasse 116, D-68305 Mannheim
www.roche.com

