

Plastic Rim Type TL-34P

The TL-34P Trial Lens Set consists of 232 lenses (includes accessory lenses) made of high quality mineral optics with strong plastic rims. TL-34P comes in a sturdy carrying case and the lenses are safely arranged on a nice wooden tray that could easily be placed in a drawer.



Metal Rim Type TL-35M

The TL-35M Trial Lens Set consists of 226 lenses (includes accessory lenses) made of high quality mineral optics with strong metal rims. The TL-35M comes in a sturdy carrying case and the lenses are safely arranged on a nice wooden tray that could easily be placed in a drawer.



Trial Frame TF-3

A robust light weight trial frames that fits comfortably on patient, yet offering the practitioner easy operation.

1.1.P.d. Pagaminti iš lengvo metalo

1.3.1.P.d. Atstumas tarp vyzdžių

- PD - right / left side independent adjust
- Arm (temple) - length/angle adjust
- Bridge - horizontal/vertical adjust
- Smooth cylinder axis rotation

1.3.2.P.d. kojelių ilgis

1.3.3.P.d. Pasvirimo kampas

1.3.4.P.d. Cilindrų ašis

Number of lens slots: front - 3 & back - 1

1.4.P.d. Pagal Tabo skalę





Trial Lens Set TL-34P (Plastic Rim) : Total 232 pcs

Concave (±) Sphere						Concave (±) Cylinder				Prism		Accessories	
Plano-concave/convex:(±) 0.12-6.00D Bi-concave/convex:(±) 6.50 or more						Plano-concave/convex							
Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Description	pcs
0.12	2	3.25	2	11.00	2	0.12	2	3.25	2	1.00	1	Occluder	1
0.25	2	3.50	2	12.00	2	0.25	2	3.50	2	2.00	1	Pin Hole (Φ1.0mm)	1
0.50	2	3.75	2	13.00	2	0.50	2	4.00	2	3.00	1	Slit (1.0mm)	1
0.75	2	4.00	2	14.00	2	0.75	2	4.50	2	4.00	1	Maddox Lens	1
1.00	2	4.50	2	15.00	2	1.00	2	5.00	2	5.00	1	Red Filter	1
1.25	2	5.00	2	16.00	2	1.25	2	6.00	2	6.00	1	Green Filter	1
1.50	2	5.50	2	18.00	2	1.50	2			7.00	1	Plane Lens	1
1.75	2	6.00	2	20.00	2	1.75	2			8.00	1	Frosted Line	1
2.00	2	6.50	2			2.00	2			9.00	1	Crossed Line	2
2.25	2	7.00	2			2.25	2			10.00	1		
2.50	2	8.00	2			2.50	2						
2.75	2	9.00	2			2.75	2						
3.00	2	10.00	2			3.00	2						

Carrying case

Dimensions (Outer) & weight with lenses
345mm(W) × 545mm(D) × 95mm(H) approx. 5.4kg

Dimensions (Inner tray)
318mm(W) × 518mm(D) × 36mm(H)

Trial Lens Set TL-35M (Metal Rim) : Total 226 pcs

Concave (±) Sphere						Concave (±) Cylinder				Prism		Accessories	
Plano-concave/convex:(±) 0.12-6.00D Bi-concave/convex:(±) 6.50 or more						Plano-concave/convex							
Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Dioptre	pcs	Description	pcs
0.12	2	3.25	2	10.00	2	0.12	2	4.00	2	0.50	2	Occluder	1
0.25	2	3.50	2	11.00	2	0.25	2	4.50	2	1.00	2	Pin Hole (Φ1.0mm)	1
0.50	2	3.75	2	12.00	2	0.50	2	5.00	2	2.00	2	Pin Hole (Φ1.5mm)	1
0.75	2	4.00	2	13.00	2	0.75	2	6.00	2	3.00	1	Slit (1.0mm)	1
1.00	2	4.50	2	14.00	2	1.00	2			4.00	1	Red Filter	1
1.25	2	5.00	2	15.00	2	1.25	2			5.00	1	Green Filter	1
1.50	2	5.50	2	16.00	2	1.50	2			6.00	1		
1.75	2	6.00	2	18.00	2	1.75	2			7.00	1		
2.00	2	6.50	2	20.00	2	2.00	2			8.00	1		
2.25	2	7.00	2			2.25	2						
2.50	2	7.50	2			2.50	2						
2.75	2	8.00	2			3.00	2						
3.00	2	9.00	2			3.50	2						

Carrying case

Dimensions (Outer) & weight with lenses
350mm(W) × 545mm(D) × 92mm(H) approx. 6.9kg

Dimensions (Inner tray)
318mm(W) × 518mm(D) × 36mm(H)

Trial Frame TF-3

PD adjustment range	48 ~ 80 mm
Axis step	5°
Arm (temple) length	78 ~ 108.5 mm
Arm (temple) tilting (Up/Down)	25° / 10°
# of lens slot (Front)	3
# of lens slot (Back)	2
Diameter of trial lenses	37-38mm
Front lens rotation range	360°
Vertex Distance range	4 ~ 14 mm
Weight	60g

1.5.P.d. Galima įstatyti 5 poras bandomųjų lęšių

1.2.P.d. Diametras 37 mm

Design and specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

Manufacturer

TL-34P & TL-35M



Quality in vision care

Rexxam Co.,Ltd.

Kagawa factory

958 Ikeuchi, Konan-cho,
Takamatsu-shi, Kagawa-ken,
761-1494 Japan

Contact

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Eye-care Instruments Sales Dept. Tokyo Office

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TEL:+81-3-6262-9471 FAX:+81-3-6262-9472
E-mail:eye@rexexam.co.jp
Website:https://www.rexxam.co.jp

Proudly Made in Japan

Distributed by

TF-3



TOWA MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS Co.,Ltd.

1698-2 Nakano,
Nakano-shi, Nagano, Japanese
383-0013 Japan



2.7.P.d. Dėžė stiklų laikymui



2.1.P.d. Sfera neigiami
 2.2.P.d. Sfera teigiami

2.3.P.d. Cilindras neigiami
 2.4.P.d. Cilindras teigiami

2.5.P.d. Prizmės

Bandomųjų lęšių rinkinys RB-266 metal rim

SFERA				CILINDRAS		PRIZMĖ		PRIEDAI	
(±)				(±)					
VERTĖS	VNT	VERTĖS	VNT	VERTĖS	VNT	VERTĖS	VNT	SPECIFIKACIJA	VNT
0.25	2	5.25	2	0.25	2	0.50	2	Raudonas lęšis	1
0.50	2	5.50	2	0.50	2	1.00	2	Žalias lęšis	1
0.75	2	5.75	2	0.75	2	2.00	2	Baltas lęšis	1
1.00	2	6.00	2	1.00	2	3.00	2	Uždengėjas	1
1.25	2	6.50	2	1.25	2	4.00	2	Wicker	1
1.50	2	7.00	2	1.50	2	5.00	1	Matinis lęšis	1
1.75	2	7.50	2	1.75	2	6.00	1	Mažos skylutės lęšis	2
2.00	2	8.00	2	2.00	2	8.00	1	Plyšinis lęšis	2
2.25	2	8.50	2	2.25	2	10.00	1	Poliarizuotas lęšis	1
2.50	2	9.00	2	2.50	2			Kryžminis lęšis	1
2.75	2	9.50	2	2.75	2			Cross Cilindras (±0,25D ir ±0,5D)	2
3.00	2	10.00	2	3.00	2			Maddox raudonas	1
3.25	2	11.00	2	3.25	2			Maddox baltas	2
3.50	2	12.00	2	3.50	2			Plano lęšis	2
3.75	2	13.00	2	3.75	2			Sfera (±0,12D)	2
4.00	2	14.00	2	4.00	2			Cilindras (±0,12D)	2
4.25	2	15.00	2	4.50	2				
4.50	2	16.00	2	5.00	2				
4.75	2	18.00	2	5.50	2				
5.00	2	20.00	2	6.00	2				

2.6.1.P.d.

2.6.2.P.d.

2.6.6.P.d.

2.6.9.P.d.

2.6.8.P.d.

2.6.10.P.d.

2.6.11.P.d.

2.6.3.P.d.

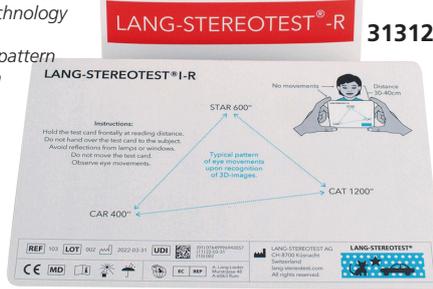
2.6.4.P.d.

2.6.7.P.d.

2.6.5.P.d.

LANG STEREOTEST® I-R AND II-R

LANG STEREOTEST® I-R and II-R
 High and modern quality
 Improved optical quality of test cards thanks to modern digital and lenticular technology
 Homogeneity
 Increased homogeneity of the dot pattern and reduced single-eye recognition
 Rounded corners
 New surface lamination and laser cutting
 Correct application schematic drawing and brief instructions on the back
 MDR 2017/745 compliance



- 31312 LANG STEREOTEST® I-R
- 31314 LANG STEREOTEST® II-R
- 31295 LANG STEREOTEST® II

MADE IN SWITZERLAND

LANG STEREOTEST® represents today's standard of random dot stereo tests without the need of 3D glasses, with very high sensitivity and specificity for stereopsis. The test combines random dots and a lenticular grid surface for quick screening of binocular vision in all groups of age, including very young children. While the test card is presented at reading distance, the patient is asked about what he sees and his eye movements are being observed. Recognition of figures is only possible if the person has full global stereopsis, while patients with amblyopia and (even small angle) strabismus fail the test.

LANG STEREOTEST® I-R shows three stereo figures with disparities of 1200, 600 and 400 arcsec. LANG STEREOTEST® II and II-R has four stereo figures with disparities of 600, 400, 200 and 200 arcsec, of which one is also monocularly visible. Multilingual instructions: GB, FR, IT, ES, PT, DE, PL, NL, CZ, SE, DK available on www.gimaitaly.com.

- 31296 LANG FIXATION STICK
- 31297 LANG FIXATION CUBE - white
- 31298 LANG FIXATION CUBE - red



31298

STEREOPTIC TEST

- 31293 STEREOPTIC TEST

Test performed at a distance of 30-40 cm, allowing evaluation of eyes cooperation in providing one single image to the brain, starting from two separately showed figures. Suitable for children from one year old and for adults in case of suspected strabismus, amblyopia or visual reduction.



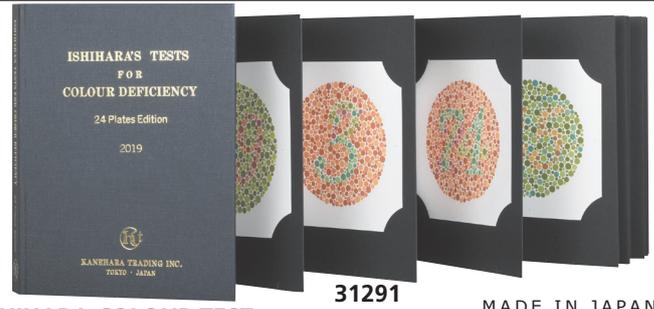
WORTH LED LIGHT TEST

• 31289 WORTH LED LIGHT TEST - with red/green glasses
 The Worth 4 dot test, is a clinical test for suppression of either the right or left eye. Suppression occurs during binocular vision, when the brain does not process the information received from either of the eyes. This is a common adaptation to strabismus, amblyopia, and aniseikonia. Battery not included, glasses included.
 • 32201 "AA" ALKALINE BATTERIES - blister of 4 pcs
 Multilingual instructions: GB, FR, IT, ES, PT, DE, GR, Arabic.



31289

ISHIHARA COLOUR TEST



31291

MADE IN JAPAN

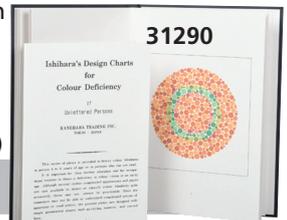
ISHIHARA COLOUR TEST

Testing for colour deficiency requires high level of sensitivity and specificity. This series of plates is provided to detect colour blindness in people who can not read, and colour deficiency, since young age. Plates are designed with simple geometrical shapes, since the examinees may not be able to understand complicated pieces. Test gives quick and accurate assessment of colour vision deficiency of congenital origin.

Most cases are diagnosed with red-green deficiency which may be of two types:
 - protan, which may be absolute (protanopia) or partial (protanomalopia)
 - deutan, which may be absolute (deutanopia) or partial (deutanomalopia)

GIMA code ISHIHARA COLOUR TEST

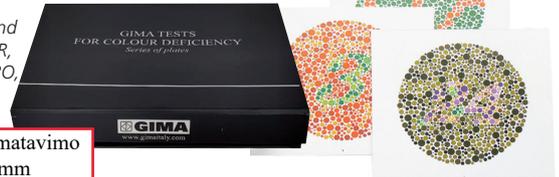
- 31290 Book of 10 plates for illiterates
- 31291 Book of 24 plates
- 31292 Book of 38 plates



GIMA COLOUR TEST

- 31288 GIMA ADULT COLOUR TEST - 15 plates
 - 31286 GIMA PEDIATRIC COLOUR TEST - 10 plates
- Single plates (11.5x11 cm) packed in a practical cardboard box (13.5x11.5x2.3 cm).

Multilingual box and instructions: GB, FR, IT, ES, PT, DE, PL, RO, LT, SK, Arabic



3.2.P.d. Lenkta skalė su matavimo reikšmėmis nuo 0 iki 20 mm

SCHIÖTZ TONOMETER



- 31220 SCHIÖTZ TONOMETER - straight scale
- 31222 SCHIÖTZ TONOMETER - inclined scale

A masterpiece of precision mechanism, measures intraocular pressure according to Prof. Schiötz standards. Vital parts are made of stainless steel. High quality agate bearing for extremely long service life. Set 3 weights included (5.5-7.5-10 g).

Scale specification 5. In black deluxe case with velvet-look inserts. Perfect reading of the scale with red pointer.

MADE IN GERMANY



CE 0124



31220 straight



31222 inclined

3.3.P.d. Komplekte 3 matavimo svareliai 5,5g, 7g, ir 10g

3.3.P.d. Matavimų konversijos lentelė

Umrechnungstabelle 1955

Zeiger- Ausschlag Scala Reading	Augendruck - Pressure, mmHg Tonometerstiftgewicht - Plunger Load			
	5,5 g	7,5 g	10,0 g	15,0 g
0,0	41,5	59,1	81,7	127,5
0,5	37,8	54,2	75,1	117,9
1,0	34,5	49,8	69,3	109,3
1,5	31,6	45,8	64,0	101,4
2,0	29,0	42,5	59,1	94,3
2,5	26,6	38,3	54,7	88,0
3,0	24,4	35,8	50,6	81,8
3,4	22,4	33,0	46,9	76,2
4,0	20,6	30,4	43,4	71,0
4,5	18,9	28,0	40,2	66,2
5,0	17,3	25,8	37,2	61,8
5,5	15,9	23,8	34,4	57,6
6,0	14,6	21,9	31,8	53,6
6,5	13,4	20,1	29,4	49,9
7,0	12,2	18,5	27,2	46,5
7,5	11,2	17,0	25,1	43,2
8,0	10,2	15,6	23,1	40,2
8,5	9,4	14,3	21,3	38,1
9,0	8,5	13,1	19,6	34,6
9,5	7,8	12,0	18,0	32,0
10,0	7,1	10,9	16,5	29,6
10,5	6,5	10,0	15,1	27,4
11,0	5,9	9,0	13,8	25,3
11,5	5,3	8,3	12,6	23,3
12,0	4,9	7,5	11,5	21,4
12,5	4,4	6,8	10,5	19,7
13,0	4,0	6,2	9,5	18,1
13,5		5,6	8,6	16,5
14,0		5,0	7,8	15,1
14,5		4,5	7,1	13,7
15,0		4,0	6,4	12,6
15,5			5,8	11,4
16,0			5,2	10,4
16,5			4,7	9,4
17,0			4,2	8,5
17,5				7,7
18,0				6,9
18,5				6,2
19,0				5,6
19,5				4,9
20,0				4,5

Directions for use of the schiötz Tonometer

You have purchased a high quality schiötz eye tonometer manufactured in accordance with the specifications of Directive 93/42EEC and the Medical Products Act.

1. Intended purpose

The eye tonometer is designed for measuring the intraocular pressure.

2. Assembly and start-up (Fig.)

Insert the plunger (1) in the footplate (2). Screw the 5,5 g weight (3) onto the plunger. If necessary, insert the 7,5 g or 10 g weight (4) in the direction of the arrow.

3. Information on the use of the device

The supplied conversion table 1955 is the product of research by Friedenwald, Kronfeld, Ballantine and Trotter. The pressure of a healthy eye is approx. 16 mm Hg (average value).

A tension of 22 (po,interdeflection 3,5 with 5,5 g weight) is very probably too high, while a tension of 24,5 mmHg (pointer deflection 2 to 3,5 with 5,5 weight) is definitely too high. The values from the tonometer table 1955 for measurements with the 5,5 g and 10 g weights should not differ from each other by more than 3 mmHg for the same eye. If such comparative measurements produce significant variations repeatedly, the rigidity of the cornea is abnormal. If values more than 3 mmHg higher are obtained using the 10 g weight table than with the 5,5 g weight table, the rigidity is too high, and the actual intraocular pressure is lower than that indicated by the tonometer. Conversely, if the mmHg value is lower with the 10 g weight than the 5,5 g

weight, the rigidity is too low; in such cases, the actual intraocular pressure is higher than that measured with the tonometer. In patients with abnormal rigidity, the pressure measured with the 5,5 g tonometer weight comes closest to the actual pressure value, as the calibration values for the 5,5 g tonometer weight are less influenced by abnormal corneal rigidity. In the critical pressure ranges from 20 to 30 mmHg, we recommend measurement with the 5,5 g tonometer weight.

4. Preparations for pressure measurement

After each pressure measurement, remove the plunger and clean it with alcohol ether. Immediately before the pressure measurement, reassemble and clean the tonometer, then place it on the test block (5). The pointer must be set to zero; deviations of max. 0,2 of a scale division are permissible. The patient should be in a recumbent position for the intraocular pressure measurement. After anaesthetising the cornea with an ordinary anaesthetic, place the tonometer in a vertical position at the centre of the cornea. Do not exert any pressure on the eyeball when moving back the lids. Reliable pressure values can only be read off when the pointer shows a pulse.

5. Metrological inspection

The metrological inspection can only be performed by the manufacturer or an authorized body. According to the Medical Product Operators ordinance of 29 June 1998, metrological inspections should be carried out at intervals of 2 years.

6. Technical data

Scale: 0 to 20 scale divisions
0 to -1 scale division

1 scale division corresponds to a stroke of 0,05 mm.

The tonometer should be stored in a closed container (case).

Please note that the product described in the operating instructions is intended exclusively for use by suitably trained personnel.

7. Cleaning

After use, remove the 5,5 g weight by unscrewing it from the plunger thread and withdraw the plunger from the tube. Place the plunger, the 5,5 g weight and the other weights (if using) in a non-alkaline cleaning solution (see manufacturer's directions for preparation of solution and soaking time). Rinse out the footplate cavity thoroughly with warm distilled water in order to dissolve any salt crystals from the tear fluid. After cleaning, rinse off any residues of the cleaning solution thoroughly with demineralised or distilled water.

8. Disinfection

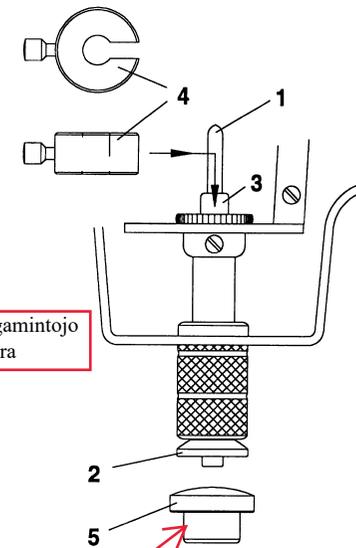
The tonometer can be disinfected with 70% alcohol.

9. Care and inspection

Always inspect the plunger and footplate for nicks or scratches prior to sterilisation and eliminate these without delay before reusing.

10. Sterilisation

Place the tonometer in transparent aseptic packaging or a suitable aseptic container. Sterilise for 3 min. in a steam autoclave under forepressure at 134°C. The effectiveness of this process has been validated for the tonometer.



3.4.P.d. Pirminė gamintojo metrologinė patikra

3.3.P.d. Kalibracinė plokštelė

3.3.P.d. Valymui skirtas šepetėlis

Umrechnungstabelle 1995

Umsatz	Umsatz	Umsatz	Umsatz
1995	1996	1997	1998
5,0	47,2	54,7	61,7
5,5	51,4	59,2	66,2
6,0	55,6	63,7	70,7
6,5	59,8	68,2	75,2
7,0	64,0	72,7	79,7
7,5	68,2	77,2	84,2
8,0	72,4	81,7	88,7
8,5	76,6	86,2	93,2
9,0	80,8	90,7	97,7
9,5	85,0	95,2	102,2
10,0	89,2	99,7	106,7
10,5	93,4	104,2	111,2
11,0	97,6	108,7	115,7
11,5	101,8	113,2	120,2
12,0	106,0	117,7	124,7
12,5	110,2	122,2	129,2
13,0	114,4	126,7	133,7
13,5	118,6	131,2	138,2
14,0	122,8	135,7	142,7
14,5	127,0	140,2	147,2
15,0	131,2	144,7	151,7
15,5	135,4	149,2	156,2
16,0	139,6	153,7	160,7
16,5	143,8	158,2	165,2
17,0	148,0	162,7	169,7
17,5	152,2	167,2	174,2
18,0	156,4	171,7	178,7
18,5	160,6	176,2	183,2
19,0	164,8	180,7	187,7
19,5	169,0	185,2	192,2
20,0	173,2	189,7	196,7

Gonio Lenses

Lens	Mirror Angles	Image Magnification	Laser Spot Size	Contact Diameter
G-1 trabeculum	62°	1.5x	.67x	15mm
G-1 trabeculum nf	62°	1.5x	.67x	8.4mm
G-2 trabeculum	60° / 64°	1.5x	.67x	15mm
G-2 trabeculum nf	60° / 64°	1.5x	.67x	8.4mm
3 Mirror (no flange)	60° / 66° / 76°	1.06x	.94x	15mm
3 Mirror (ANF+)	60° / 66° / 76°	1.06x	.94x	18mm
G-3 goniofundus	60° / 66° / 76°	1.06x	.94x	15mm
G-3 goniofundus nf	60° / 66° / 76°	1.03x	.97x	11.4mm
G-3 mini goniofundus nf	60° / 66° / 76°	1.0x	1.0x	9.6mm
G-4 gonioLASER	4 x 64°	1.0x	1.0x	15mm
G-4 gonio nf	4 x 64°	1.0x	1.0x	8.4mm
4 Mirror (no flange)	4 x 64°	1.0x	1.0x	15mm
4 Mirror Mini (ANF+)	4 x 62°	1.0x	1.0x	15mm
G-6 nf	6 x 63°	1.0x	1.0x	8.4mm
SLT	1 x 63°	1.0x	1.0x	15mm

8.1.2.P.d. Veidrodžių kampai 60/66/76

8.1.3.P.d. Vaizdo didinimas 1,06x

8.1.4.P.d. Lazerinis taškas 0,94x

8.1.5.P.d. Kontakto diametras 15 mm

8.1.1.P.d. Trijų veidrodžių

8.2.1.P.d. Keturių veidrodžių

8.2.2.P.d. Veidrodžių kampai 4x64

8.2.3.P.d. Vaizdo didinimas 1.0x

8.2.4.P.d. Lazerinis taškas 1.0x

8.2.5.P.d. Kontakto diametras 15 mm

Note :

Flanged versions provide optimal stability on the cornea and are suggested for laser treatment use.

No flange (nf) versions have a small corneal contact area and are excellent for diagnostic work. It may not be necessary to use a contact fluid with these versions (G Series Gonio lenses only)

Our exclusive ANF+ flanged version is designed to provide optimal stability without the need for a contact fluid. It may be beneficial to utilize a lubricating fluid for patient comfort.

Gonio Lenses

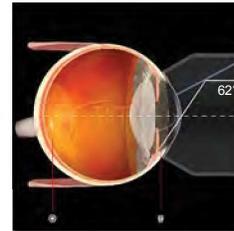


G-1 trabeculum

Primary Application – Treatment of the Anterior Chamber and Central Retina

- All glass design provides superior clarity and durability compared to acrylic lenses
- Highest magnification of any single mirror Gonio lens
- Flanged version provides stability for trabeculectomy
- No flange version ideal for gonioscopy

Product code: VG1 (as shown)
VG1NF (no flange)



2D View

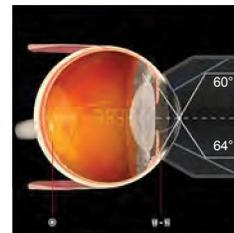


G-2 trabeculum

Primary Application – Viewing and Treatment of the Anterior Chamber and Central Retina

- Two differently angled mirrors provide broader views of the anterior chamber
- All glass design provides superior clarity and durability compared to acrylic lenses
- Flanged version provides stability for trabeculectomy
- No flange version ideal for gonioscopy

Product code: VG2 (as shown)
VG2NF (no flange)



2D View

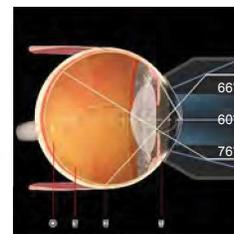


3 Mirror

Primary Application – Viewing and Treatment of the Anterior Chamber and Central and Peripheral Fundus

- Viewing mirrors are accurately angled to eliminate gaps in the visualized fundus
- Flattest mirror surfaces minimize image distortion
- Exclusive advanced no fluid (ANF+) flange option eliminates need for viscous coupling fluid. (Not recommended for laser procedures.)

Product code:
V3MIR (no flange) (as shown)
V3MIRANF+ (Advance No Fluid)
VU3MIR Diagnostic (no flange) (No Coating)
VU3MIRANF+ Diagnostic (Advance No Fluid - No Coating)



2D View

8.1.1.P.d. Skirtas priekinės kameros ir centrinio bei periferinio akies dugnų stebėjimui ir gydymui



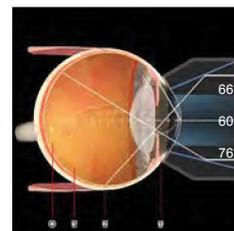
Available in mini version for pediatric and small orbit patients

G-3 Goniofundus

Primary Application – Viewing and Treatment of the Anterior Chamber and Central and Peripheral Fundus

- All glass design provides superior clarity and durability compared to acrylic lenses
- Mirrors are accurately angled to eliminate gaps in the visualized fundus
- Flanged version provides stability for trabeculectomy
- No flange version ideal for gonioscopy

Product code:
VG3 (best design for laser use)
VG3NF (no flange) (as shown)
VG3MININF (no flange) (as shown)



2D View

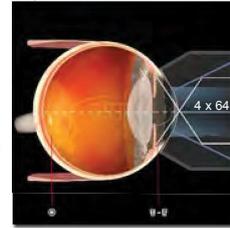
G-4 Goniolaser

Primary Application – Standard Gonio Lens for Static and Dynamic Gonioscopy

- All glass design provides superior clarity and durability compared to acrylic lenses
- Available in large or small rings or with 2 position handle to suit personal preferences
- Flanged version provides stability for trabeculoplasty
- No flange version ideal for gonioscopy

Product codes:

- VG4 (with flange) (as shown) best design for laser use
- VG4SNF (no flange) 25.5mm Ring
- VG4LNF (no flange) 28.5mm Ring
- VG4HAN2(no-flange) Extended Handle (as shown)



2D View



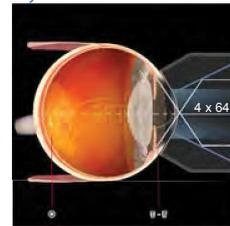
G-4 High Mag

Primary Application – High Magnification Static and Dynamic Gonioscopy

- All glass design provides superior clarity and durability compared to acrylic lenses
- Available in large or small rings or with 2 position handle to suit personal preferences
- Flanged version provides stability for trabeculoplasty
- No flange version ideal for gonioscopy

Product codes:

- VG4HM(with flange) (as shown) best design for laser use
- VG4HMSNF (no flange) 25.5mm Ring
- VG4HMLNF (no flange) 28.5mm Ring
- VG4HMHAN2(no-flange) Extended Handle (as shown)



2D View

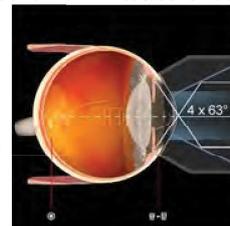


Mini 4 Mirror

Primary Application – Mini Gonio Lens for Narrow Orbits and Small Anatomies

- Small body and ring for ease of use within the orbit
- Proprietary flange does not require viscous coupling fluid
- Broadband coating reduces reflections and glare and maximizes laser throughput

Product code: VM4ANF+



2D View



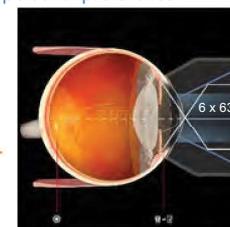
G-6 Gonio

Primary Application – Static and Dynamic Gonioscopy

- Six closely aligned mirrors eliminate gaps providing a true panoramic view
- More complete mirror structure facilitates positioning and scanning across mirrors
- Tapered lens body design easier to hold within the orbit
- Available with a ring or 2 position handle to suit personal preference
- No flange/fluid design ideal for gonioscopy

Product codes:

- VG6(with flange) best design for laser use
- VG6LNF (no flange) 28.5mm Ring (as shown)
- VG6HAN2 (no flange) Extended Handle (as shown)



2D View

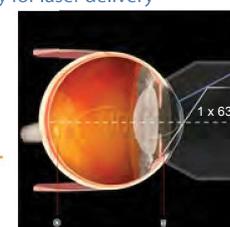


Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty (SLT)

Primary Application – SLT procedures and static/dynamic gonioscopy

- Large internally reflective facet provides excellent view of the angle
- 1.0x magnification maintains laser spot size and power density
- Curved upper lens surface ensures laser beam profile remains circular for consistent laser spot placement
- Contact used with coupling fluid ensures stability for laser delivery

Product code: VSLT



2D View

